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APPLICATION N	0.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/752,828	09/752,828 01/03/2001		Dennis C. Ferguson	0023-0026	9942
44987	7590	01/25/2005		EXAMINER	
		DER, LLP	LEE, ANDREW CHUNG CHEUNG		
11240 WAPLES MILL ROAD SUITE 300				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
FAIRFAX	FAIRFAX, VA 22030			2664	
				DATE MAILED: 01/25/2005	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	09/752,828	FERGUSON ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Andrew C Lee	2664				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address				
Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period we Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	86(a). In no event, however, may a reply be time within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	nety filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. O (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 29 Se	eptember 2004.					
·	action is non-final.	·				
·	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims						
 4) Claim(s) 1-36 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-36 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or 	vn from consideration.					
Application Papers						
9)⊠ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.						
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)□ acce	☑ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☑ objected to by the Examiner.					
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See	e 37 CFR 1.85(a).				
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correcting 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Expression 11.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of	s have been received. s have been received in Application ity documents have been receive I (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National Stage				
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)						
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(s)/Mail Da					
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 4/18/2001.	5) Notice of Informal Page 6) Other:	atent Application (FTO-132)				

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DETAILED ACTION

The Examiner wishes to thank the Applicants for commenting the discrepancies on the form PTO-1449 and Bib Data Sheet.

Drawings

1. Figure 5 should be designated by a legend such as — Prior Art — because only that which is old is illustrated. See MPEP § 608.02(g). (Scrambler with polynomial x^29+1 should be cited from reference provided by Applicants — "Information Disclosure Statement (dated 4/18/2001), NPL documents - S. Merchant's "ppp OVER sonet (sdh) AT Rates from STS-1 (AU-3) to STS-192c (AU-4-64c/STM-64) <draft-merchant-pppext-sonet-sdh-00.txt>, November 1998, § 4.6 HDLC-32 Data Scrambling (SCR-29) A self-synchronizing scrambler shall be used that shall be disabled (while retaining its internal state) between packets. The specific scrambler is for further study, but we tentatively propose the self-synchronizing scrambler corresponding to the polynomial x^29+1. (page 9 of 14)"; § 4.8.1 Receive Direction 5. HDLC –32 Data descrambling using x^29 + 1 [provisional] self-synchronizing descrambler. (Page 10 of 14); § 4.8.2 Receive Direction 3. HDLC –32 Data descrambling using x^29 + 1 [provisional] self-synchronizing descrambler. (Page 11 of 14)).

A proposed drawing correction or corrected drawings are required in reply to the Office action to avoid abandonment of the application. The objection to the drawings will not be held in abeyance.

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Specification

- 2. The disclosure is objected to because of the following informalities:
 - Page 8, line 29 " HDLC descrambler 82 is an x^29 +1 self-synchronous scrambler" should be cited and referenced to (S. Merchant: § 4.6 HDLC-32 Data Scrambling (SCR-29), last sentence of the first paragraph "but we tentatively propose the self-synchronizing scrambler corresponding to the polynomial x^29+1."). The scrambler/descrambler with polynomial x^29+1 is not the original disclosure. It is a prior art, but the Applicants did not recite the reference.

Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

3. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35
U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this
Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.
- 4. Claims 9, 17, 20, 24, 30, 36 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Federkins et al. (U.S. Patent No. 5123014).

Regarding claims 9, 17, 20, 36, Federkins et al. discloses the limitation of a method for receiving data at a data receiving system (Fig. 4, element 450,

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column 3, lines 49 - 54), comprising: receiving an idle time synchronizing packet that was generated by a transmitting system during idle time at the transmitting system (column 3, lines 7 - 9; lines 55 - 58); and synchronizing the data receiving system with the transmitting system by processing the idle time synchronizing packet (column 3, lines 58 - 61), the processing the idle time synchronizing packet causing, the data receiving system to be in a correct state with respect to whether an inter-frame time fill byte or a data byte is being received (column 4, lines 31 - 53).

Regarding claims 24, 30, Federkins et al. discloses the limitation of a method for synchronizing a transmitting system with a receiving system (Abstract, lines 1 – 5), comprising: forwarding data from the transmitting system to the receiving system when data is being received by the transmitting system (column 3, lines 40 – 58); creating an idle time synchronizing packet during idle time when the transmitting system is not receiving data (column 1, lines 60 - 65); forwarding the idle time synchronization packet to the receiving system (column 1, lines 65 – 68; column 2, lines 1 – 2); and processing the idle time synchronization packet at the receiving system to synchronize the receiving system with the transmitting system column 3, lines 54 – 61), wherein: the processing the idle time synchronization packet further comprises: causing the receiving system to be placed in a correct state with respect to whether an inter-frame time fill byte or a data byte is being received (column 4, lines 31 – 53).

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

5. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 6. Claims 1 5, 7, 10 13, 15, 18 19, 21 22, 25 26, 28 29, 31 32, 34 35, are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Federkins et al. (U.S. Patent No. 5123014) in view of Gulick (U.S. Patent No. 5845085).

Regarding claims 1, 25, 31, Federkins et al. discloses the limitation of a method of processing data in a data transmitting system (Abstract, lines 1-5), comprising: forwarding data for further processing in the data transmitting system when data is being received (column 1, lines 54-59); generating idle time synchronizing, information during idle time when data is not being received (column 1, lines 60-65), the idle time synchronizing information for synchronizing a data receiving system with the data transmitting system (column 1, lines 65-68), the generating idle time synchronizing information comprising: generating packet information by processing the data and the idle time synchronizing information in accordance with a packet protocol (column 3, lines 40-41). Federkins et al. does not disclose expressly preparing a runt abort

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packet. Gulick discloses the limitation of preparing a runt abort packet (column 1, lines 61 – 65). It would have been obvious to modify Federkins et al. to include a preparing a runt abort packet such as that taught by Gulick in order to have a data link controllers and a receiver for a high-level data-link controller which is capable of performing flag and abort detections, in-frame and out-of-frame determinations, zero-deletions, and several higher level controlling functions.

Regarding claims 2, 10, 11, 18, 19, 21, 22, 26, 29, 35, Federkins et al. discloses the limitation of a method of processing data in a data transmitting system (Abstract, lines 1 – 5), Federkins et al. does not disclose the method of claim 1, wherein the preparing a runt abort packet includes: preparing a packet having a length of less than six bytes. Gulick discloses the limitation of the method of claim 1, wherein the preparing a runt abort packet includes: preparing a packet having a length of less than six bytes (column 1, lines 61 – 65). It would have been obvious to modify Federkins et al. to include a method of claim 1, wherein the preparing a runt abort packet includes: preparing a packet having a length of less than six bytes such as that taught by Gulick in order to have a data link controllers and a receiver for a high-level data-link controller which is capable of performing flag and abort detections, in-frame and out-of-frame determinations, zero-deletions, and several higher level controlling functions.

Regarding claims 3, 32, Federkins et al. discloses the limitation of a method of processing data in a data transmitting system (Abstract, lines 1-5),

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Federkins et al. does not disclose the method of claim 2, wherein the step of generating idle time synchronizing information preparing a runt abort packet includes: preparing a runt abort packet having an abort byte sequence at an end of the runt abort packet. Gulick discloses the limitation of disclose the method of claim 2, wherein the step of generating idle time synchronizing information preparing a runt abort packet (column 1, lines 61 – 65; column 2, lines 18 – 31) includes: preparing a runt abort packet having an abort byte sequence at an end of the runt abort packet (column 2, lines 32 – 43). It would have been obvious to modify Federkins et al. to include a method of claimed wherein the step of generating idle time synchronizing information preparing a runt abort packet includes: preparing a runt abort packet having an abort byte sequence at an end of the runt abort packet such as that taught by Gulick in order to have a data link controllers and a receiver for a high-level data-link controller which is capable of performing flag and abort detections, in-frame and out-of-frame determinations, zero-deletions, and several higher level controlling functions.

Regarding claims 4, 12, Federkins et al. discloses the limitation of the method of claim 1, further including: loading idle time indication information into a data format consistent with the packet protocol (column 3, lines 40 – 44).

Regarding claims 5, 13, Federkins et al. discloses the limitation of the method of claim 4, further including: alternately forwarding the idle time

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synchronization information and idle time indication information (column 1, lines 60 – 65; column 3, lines 7 – 9; Fig. 3).

Regarding claims 7, 15, 28, 34, Federkins et al. discloses the limitation of the method of claim 1, further including: creating network information by processing the packet information in accordance with a transport protocol (column 1, lines 65 – 68; column 2, lines 39 – 44); and forwarding the network information to a data receiving system (column 2, lines 1 –2; column 3, lines 44 – 48).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 7. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 6, 8, 14, 16, 23, 27, 33 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Federkins et al. (U.S. Patent No. 5123014) and Gulick (U.S. Patent No. 5845085) as applied to claims 1 – 13, 15, 16 – 22, 24 –32, 34 - 36 above, and further in view of Anderson et al. (U.S. Patent No. 5369703 B1).

Regarding claims 6, 14, both Federlins et al. and Gulick fail to disclose expressly the apparatus of claim 9, wherein the packet processing element comprises: a scrambler for scrambling the idle time synchronizing information.

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Anderson et al. discloses the limitation of the apparatus of claim 9, wherein the packet processing element comprises: a scrambler for scrambling the idle time synchronizing information (Fig. 2, element 140, column 3, lines 52 – 62). It would have been obvious to modify both Federlins et al. and Gulick to include an apparatus of claimed wherein the packet processing element comprises: a scrambler for scrambling the idle time synchronizing information such as that taught by Anderson et al. in order to provide a protocol governing the transmission of a datagram received from network elements employing the Internet Protocol (IP) or a similar protocol.

Regarding claims 8, 16, both Federlins et al. and Gulick fail to disclose expressly the apparatus of claim 15, wherein the network processing element comprises: a scrambler for scrambling the packet information. Anderson et al. discloses the limitation of the apparatus of claim 15, wherein the network processing element comprises: a scrambler for scrambling the packet information (Fig. 2, element 500, column 4, lines 9 – 12; column 5, lines 1 – 9). It would have been obvious to modify both Federlins et al. and Gulick to include an apparatus of claimed wherein the network processing element comprises: a scrambler for scrambling the packet information such as that taught by Anderson et al. in order to provide a protocol governing the transmission of a datagram received from network elements employing the Internet Protocol (IP) or a similar protocol.

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Regarding claims 23, 27, 33, both Federlins et al. and Gulick fail to disclose expressly the apparatus of claimed wherein the processing element comprises: a descrambler for descrambling the idle time synchronizing packet. Anderson et al. discloses the limitation of the apparatus of claimed wherein the processing element comprises: a descrambler for descrambling the idle time synchronizing packet (Fig. 5, element 705, column 5, lines 35 – 42). It would have been obvious to modify both Federlins et al. and Gulick to include an apparatus of claimed wherein the processing element comprises: a descrambler for descrambling the idle time synchronizing packet such as that taught by Anderson et al. in order to provide a protocol governing the transmission of a datagram received from network elements employing the Internet Protocol (IP) or a similar protocol.

Conclusion

8. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory

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period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

9. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Andrew C. Lee whose telephone number is (571) 272-3131. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday from 8:30am - 5:00pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Wellington Chin can be reached on (571) 272-3134. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

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